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Infection and co-infection patterns of common upper respiratory tract viruses in patients with flulike symptoms attending a fever clinic of a tertiary care hospital during the COVID-19 pandemic

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Technical review

Reviewer's information				
Date review assigned 14-Oct-23		Date review completed 1-Dec-23		
Reviewer name Rijwan Bhuiyan		1	Do you have any conflict of interest with the author/s?	No
ORCID 0000-0003-00		05-8889	Do you wish to be disclosed to the author?	Yes
Reviewer's comments (1	2-Dec-23)	Yes/No	Author's response (12-Mar-	24)
reviewer s comments (1	3 Dec 2 3)	Tesymo	[Please write a response if score is le change the manuscript as per your rumbers.]	ess than 6. You must
1. Is the title appropriate?		Yes	-	
2. Is the research question objective clearly defined terms?	l in measurable	No	Revised the objective	
3. Is the abstract accurate, complete?	balanced and	No	Revised the abstract	
4. Is the study design appr answer the research que achieve objective?		Yes	-	
5. Are the Methods described to allow others to repeat		No	Re-write the Methods section.	
6. Are the operational defi ascertainment of key va adequately?	riables given	No	Revised	
7. Are the outcomes clearly		Yes	-	
8. Are statistics used approduction described fully?		No	Revised	
9. Do the Results address question or objective cle	early?	Yes	-	
10. Are the tables and figure appropriate to address to research question?		Yes	-	
11. Does the Discussion cov points of the paper?	er the main	No	Revised	
12. Are the strengths and line addressed?		Yes	-	
13. Are the conclusions just results?	-	Yes	-	
14. Are the references up-to appropriate?		Yes	-	
15. Is the standard of writte acceptable for publication		Yes	-	
Major points				
Abstract 1. The objective is not clear. Seems the author stated two objectives. Please revise it in understandable way or separate it into two sentences. For example "To determine the infection and co-infection patterns of common upper respiratory tract viruses in patients with flu like symptoms attending in the fever clinic of a tertiary care hospital during COVID-19 pandemic".			1. Objective is updated accordi	ng to your example.
2. Methods seem too small to understand the study procedure. Need a balance between Results and Conclusion.		2. Methods revised as instructe 30-32).	ed (Page – 2, line	

Reviewer's information

- Conclusion is the repetition of the results. Suggested to state the main message of this study.
- 4. Highlights points rarely reflect the primary message, strength and selling points of this study.

Introduction

- 5. Overall, the introduction is not well structured. It seems like gathering information from various sources. Used lots of numbers and figures. Suggested to revise as "Funnel" shape to bring the reader from a wider context to the narrow objective. The author should state why this study is important/ rationale?
- Lines 65 to 68 Have redundant texts. Advised to make shorter, focusing only on the results and year.
- Lines 73 to 77 Can reduce the word count by removing "dashboard information statement..." and referring to the references.
- 8. The objective stated in abstract and in introduction seems little different. Here author mentioned "to detect the causative viruses and infection rate..." which is confusing.

Methods

- Overall, the methods section does not give a clear message to the reader about how this study was done. Suggested to explain such a way that is reproducible for other researchers.
- 10. How 288 patients were randomly selected from the fever clinic from Nov 2021 to Mar 2022 was not clearly mentioned. The total number of patients reported in the outdoor fever clinic during the given time period? How this figure (n=288) has been determined? Sample size calculation?
- 11. The statistical part was not well written. Suggested to provide a separate section for statistical analysis, explaining how data were collected, explain the variables used for statistical analysis. etc...
- 12. How were the ethical issues addressed? Was the patient consented? Is there any dropout? Who collected the data? The author can provide a flowchart for patient selection and randomization.
- The operational definition of clinical symptoms used in this study for data collection is suggested to explain.

Results

- The results section a lack of comprehensiveness to understand the main message.
- 15. Line 164 to 168 Repetition of Figure 1. The author can state the key findings in one sentence and refer to Figure 1 for details information.
- 16. Line 176 to 178 Only text is enough to explain the status. Figure 2 seems redundant.

- Conclusion revised as instructed (Page 2, line 39-40).
- 4. Revised as instructed (Page-2, line 48).
- Revised as instructed. Introduction is rearranged and made "Funnel" (Page-3,4). Rationale and more importance was there before, now rearranged (page-3, line 54-55, 76-80; Page-4, line 85-87).
- 6. revised as instructed. (Page-3, line 68-70).
- The lines were removed to make more focused on the objective.
- 8. Objective updated as instructed. (Page-2, line 28-30; Page-4, line-89-91).
- Revised as instructed (Page 5,6).
- 10. Revised as instructed. Flow chart added for patient selection (Page-5, flowchart 1). Sample size calculation from study added as reference (Page-5, line-114). Financial constraints is mentioned.
- Statistical part was mentioned in the study. Data collection criteria was mentioned in flow chart and also starting of methods (Page-5, line 110-112).
- Ethical issue addressed (Page-11, Line 268-270).
 Written consent were taken (Page 12, line-274),
 No drop out. Author collected the data (Page 12, line 276).
- As the clinical symptoms were self-explanatory and common to clinicians hence, operational definitions were not explained.
- 14. Revised as instructed. (Page -7-9).
- 15. Revised as instructed (Page 7, Line 167-168).
- 16. Revised as instructed. Figure -2 is deleted.

Reviewer's information

- 17. Line 191 to 194 Same suggestion as mentioned for line 164 to 168.
- 18. Line 191 to 194 "Among the participants who had respiratory viral infection, 48 (16.7%) were positive for SARS-CoV-2 followed by 42 (14.6%) for Human Rhinovirus, 16 (5.6%) for Adenovirus, 1 (0.3%) for Respiratory Syncytial virus, 1 (0.3%) for Influenza B and 10 (3.5%) were positive for Parainfluenza. However, no sample was found positive for Influenza A." according to the statement the percentage calculation is not correct. Please check this and explain accordingly.
- 19. Table 1 has the repetition of the figure 3. Figure 3 can easily replaced by Table 1 adding the percent of total viruses. The total n shows 288 but the infection found 101 patients which is questionable. Author should clear the denominator. Title of table 1 mentioned "Infection rate..." which is misleading and wrong. Appropriate choice of word is crucial. Here can explain like "Pattern of viruses among infected patients..."
- 20. Table 2 can be visualized in a column chart and will be more understandable.
- 21. Line 238 The term "Co-infection rate" is incorrect. This is simply a prevalence.
- 22. **Discussion:** Overall the discussion is the repetition of the results and just matching the findings with other studies. Rarely explained the reasons and the clinical implications of these findings. Suggested to make it small (within 500 words), reduce the repetition of the results and explain in line with the main objectives in separate paragraphs.

Limitation

- 23. Sample size determination was not explained in the Methods section. Need to logicalize why this is
- 24. How out-door patients' collection is a limitation when the study was fully done for outdoor patients. The author can explain the possible confounding factors of the outdoor patient collection approach that may affect the study findings.
- 25. If the study was done for 18 and above this should not be a limitation, rather can explain focusing on this age group.

Minor points

- 26. Title seems little confusing. Could be like "Infection and co-infection patterns of common upper respiratory tract viruses in patients with flu like symptoms attending in the fever clinic of a tertiary care hospital during COVID-19 pandemic".
- 27. Line 116 to 123 Can be explained in a single sentence with the reference of maintaining standard procedure of swab collection and storage.
- 28. Line 124 to 134 Can be explained within 2 to 3 small sentences using reference of standard procedure.

- 17. Figure deleted as it is also present in table -1 (Page-8).
- 18. Explained as advised (Page 8, line 177-183).

- Figure -3 is replaced and only table 1 is kept (Page-8), Title changed as advised (Page -8, line - 184).
- 20. Table 2 is deleted as monthly variation has little to tell in this study, according to advise of another reviewer.
- 21. Revised as instructed (Page 9, line 199).
- 22. Revised as instructed (Page-10,11) (word count 551).
- 23. Revised as instructed (Page-11, Line 255 257)
- 24. Revised as instructed
- 25. Revised as instructed.
- 26. Revised as instructed. (Page 1, line 4,5).
- 27. Kept as before for better understanding (Page 6 line 135-140).
- 28. Total 3 types of kit is used for molecular detection; hence it is kept as it is (Page 6, line 144 155).

Re	viewer's information			
29.	Figure 1 can be ordered from as clear visualization. In Y-axis on enough. Keep uniform digits aft point or can-do rounding for be	ly %/ percent is er the decimal	29.	One digit after decimal point is kept. More common symptoms are kept first and the less common symptoms are kept at last. (Page 7).
30.	30. Maintain uniform digit after the decimal point throughout the document. Suggested to keep "One" digit after decimal point.		30.	Revised as instructed.
31.	31. Odd issue: In author contributions, only three authors contributed to manuscript drafting and final approval of the manuscript. To be an author of others is questionable.		31.	Revised as instructed.
Re	viewer's Recommendation	Revisions Required		

Responsible Editor's comments (13-Dec-23)			Author's response (13-Mar-24)		
Name		M Mostafa Zaman		ease write a response each points. You must change the nuscript as per your response. Mention line numbers.]	
OR	ORCID 0000-0002-1736-1342		manuscript as per your response, wention line numbers.]		
1.	study aim to de infections) in p Clinic? Or Co-in infections? Doe in infections an examine the sea	as to be clearly defined. Does the termine infections (and coatients who attended the Fever fections with SARS-COV-2 is it aim to examine sex differences d co-infections. Does it aim to asonality? These have implications ent storytelling (and analysis).	1.	Objective and aim revised as instructed. Seasonality is omitted. Others also revised as instructed.	
2.		of seasonality is an issue, the ave been done for a cycle of 12-	2.	Seasonality is omitted.	
3.	infection and co Discussion shou Introduction sh justify the work	ctice implication know the o-infection? The objective and uld have made it clear. The would have focused description to rather than adding a story of AM in icddrb's hospital.	3.	Introduction, objective and discussion is revised as instructed.	
4.	number of subj during the stud randomization learn about the to the all patien adding a flower	d clearly mention about the ects who attended the Fever Clinic y period. Then describe how the was done. This is necessary to study subject's representativeness its of the Fever Clinic. I suggest hart indicating the number of tages. Please use a template from website.	4.	Number of subjects attended the fever clinic were not same every day. Again, subjects came for various reason eg, COVID screening, travelling, elective surgery hence, number of subjects came to fever clinic were not counted rather symptomatic criteria and consent was taken into account. Template was added from MSword. (Page 5, Flowchart 1).	
5.	Which statistica	al analysis was done (line 135-136)?	5.	Extremely sorry for not finding, which one was you telling about.	
6.	Figure 2 inform description. Ple	nation could easily be given in text ease drop it.	6.	Figure 2 dropped and added in text description (Page-8, line 177-178).	
7.	objective of the sexes, this table	able 1? Does this address any study? If we drop separate data for will provide the same data given fore, this table can be dropped.	7.	Table 1 is kept and figure 3 is dropped as they are giving the same data (Page 8). This table is important to know the pattern of infection of viruses during this period. Though, male and female are almost equally infected but, few journal showed differences, hence it is shown. (Page – 10, Line 236-240).	

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	8.	Statistical analysis for Table 2 is not correct. Kruskal-Wallis test is used for quantitative data. Here you present categorical data. It is not clear how all viruses were separately tested statistically. The Methods section should make it clear. Monthly variations given in this table should not be labelled as seasonal variation. The monthly data could be presented in a graph to cleate a visual impression.	8.	Table 2 is omitted.
	9.	Seventeen co-infections split in to so many categories does not provide a valid statistical analysis. I suggest reducing number of graphs and tables to maximum three.	9.	Prevalence of co-infections is shown (page-9, table -2) no statistical analysis given. Graphs and tables reduced to only 3 (page 7-9).
	10.	Conclusion: I suggest making the manuscript suitable for a Brief article of 1500 words, 200-word abstract, using three data visuals (tables or graph), and 20 references. However, the revised version will be subject to another round of review.	10.	Manuscript is shortened within 2085 words, 224 words abstract, 1 graph, 2 tables and 23 references.

Final decision of the Executive Editor	ACCEPT
(14-Mar-24)	
	We shall edit the manuscript soon.

Major Revision

Editor's Decision